

## **AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:**

Claims 1-18 were pending. . Claims 19-23 are added. The following is the status of the claims of the above-captioned application, as amended.

- Claim 1. (Previously presented.) A composition comprising an enzyme encapsulated in a vesicle, wherein the vesicle comprises at least 50% of a synthetic polymer as a vesicle forming agent; and wherein the synthetic polymer is a di- or tri-block-co-polymer composed of monomers selected from the group consisting of ethyleneoxide, propyleneoxide, ethylethylene, acrylic acid and vinyl amine.
- Claim 2. (Previously presented.) A composition comprising a surfactant and at least one compound encapsulated in a vesicle, wherein the vesicle comprises at least 50% of a synthetic polymer as a vesicle forming agent; and wherein the synthetic polymer is a di- or tri-block-co-polymer composed of monomers selected from the group consisting of ethyleneoxide, propyleneoxide, ethylethylene, acrylic acid and vinyl amine.
- Claim 3. (Original.) The composition of claim 2, wherein the compound is an enzyme.
- Claim 4. (Original.) The composition of claim 2, wherein the composition is a detergent.
- Claim 5. (Previously presented.) A method comprising the steps of:
  - (a) encapsulating at least one compound in a vesicle, and
- (b) adding the vesicle to a surfactant containing composition, wherein the vesicle comprises at least 50% of a synthetic polymer as a vesicle forming agent; and wherein the synthetic polymer is a di- or tri-block-co-polymer composed of monomers selected from the group consisting of ethyleneoxide, propyleneoxide, ethylethylene, acrylic acid and vinyl amine.
- Claim 6. (Previously presented.) A method for preventing a compound from reacting with other compounds, comprising encapsulating the compound in a vesicle, wherein the vesicle comprises at least 50% of a synthetic polymer as a vesicle forming agent; and wherein the synthetic polymer is a di- or tri-block-co-polymer composed of monomers selected from the

group consisting of ethyleneoxide, propyleneoxide, ethylethylene, acrylic acid and vinyl amine.

- Claim 7. (Previously presented.) The method of claims 5 or 6, wherein the compound is an enzyme.
- Claim 8. (Previously presented.) A method for improving the stability of an enzyme, comprising encapsulating the enzyme in a vesicle, wherein the vesicle comprises at least 50% of a synthetic polymer as a vesicle forming agent; and wherein the synthetic polymer is a di- or tri-block-co-polymer composed of monomers selected from the group consisting of ethyleneoxide, propyleneoxide, ethylethylene, acrylic acid and vinyl amine.
- Claim 9. (Previously presented.) A method of preventing an enzyme from reacting with other compounds, comprising encapsulating the enzyme in a vesicle, wherein the vesicle comprises at least 50% of a synthetic polymer as a vesicle forming agent; and wherein the synthetic polymer is a di- or tri-block-co-polymer composed of monomers selected from the group consisting of ethyleneoxide, propyleneoxide, ethylethylene, acrylic acid and vinyl amine.
- Claim 10. (Previously presented.) A composition comprising an enzyme encapsulated in a vesicle, wherein the vesicle comprises at least 50% of a synthetic polymer as a vesicle forming agent.
- Claim 11. (Previously presented.) A composition comprising a surfactant and at least one compound encapsulated in a vesicle, wherein the vesicle comprises at least 50% of a synthetic polymer as a vesicle forming agent.
- Claim 12. (Previously presented.) The composition of claim 11, wherein the compound is an enzyme.
- Claim 13. (Previously presented.) The composition of claim 11, wherein the composition is a detergent.
- Claim 14. (Previously presented.) A method comprising the steps of:
  - (a) encapsulating at least one compound in a vesicle, and

- (b) adding the vesicle to a surfactant containing composition, wherein the vesicle comprises at least 50% of a synthetic polymer as a vesicle forming agent.
- Claim 15. (Previously presented.) A method for preventing a compound from reacting with other compounds, comprising encapsulating the compound in a vesicle, wherein the vesicle comprises at least 50% of a synthetic polymer as a vesicle forming agent.
- Claim 16. (Previously presented.) The method of claims 14 or 15, wherein the compound is an enzyme.
- Claim 17. (Previously presented.) A method for improving the stability of an enzyme, comprising encapsulating the enzyme in a vesicle, wherein the vesicle comprises at least 50% of a synthetic polymer as a vesicle forming agent.
- Claim 18. (Previously presented.) A method of preventing an enzyme from reacting with other compounds, comprising encapsulating the enzyme in a vesicle, wherein the vesicle comprises at least 50% of a synthetic polymer as a vesicle forming agent.
- Claim 19. (New.) The composition of claim 11, wherein the synthetic polymer is an amphiphilic block-co-polymer; and wherein each domain of the block-co-polymer consists of at least 10 monomers.
- Claim 20. (New.) The composition of claim 19, wherein the block-co-polymer is a di- or triblock-co-polymer.
- Claim 21. (New.) The composition of claim 19, wherein the block-co-polymer is a polymer of the monomer-classes ethyleneoxide, propyleneoxide, ethylethylene, acrylic acid, and vinyl amine.
- Claim 22. (New.) The composition of anyone of claim 19, wherein each domain of the block-co-polymer is a homopolymer.
- Claim 23. (New.) The composition of anyone of claim 11, wherein the vesicle is an

aqueous compartment enclosed by a membrane comprising one or more layers, where the layers have an inner hydrophobic domain and an outer hydrophilic domain.